



Aviation: Commission updates the EU Air Safety List to ensure highest level of protection for passengers

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Today the European Commission updated the EU Air Safety List, the list of non-European airlines that do not meet international safety standards, and are therefore subject to an operating ban or operational restrictions within the European Union.

The [EU Air Safety List](#) seeks to ensure the highest level of air safety for European citizens, which is a top priority of the Commission's [Aviation Strategy](#). With today's update, one airline, Avior Airlines (Venezuela), is added to the list, while two others - Mustique Airways (St. Vincent and the Grenadines) and Urga (Ukraine) - are removed following safety improvements.

Commissioner for Transport Violeta **Bulc** said: *"Our objective is to offer the highest level of safety in European skies. The EU's Air Safety List remains one of our most effective tools to achieve this. Today we are showing that with our help, airlines can be quickly removed from the list when they tackle their safety issues. Work pays off and I hope that the example of Mustique Airways and Urga will inspire others."*

Avior Airlines (certified in Venezuela) is added to the list due to unaddressed safety deficiencies that were detected by the [European Aviation Safety Agency](#) during the assessment for a [third country operator authorisation](#) (TCO)[1]. On the contrary, Mustique Airways and Aviation Company Urga - which are respectively certified in St. Vincent and the Grenadines and Ukraine - made safety improvements since their inclusion to the Air Safety List [in May 2017](#). This allows them to be today removed from the list.

The EU Air Safety List not only helps to maintain high levels of safety in the EU, but it also helps affected airlines and countries to improve their levels of safety, in order for them to eventually be taken off the list. In addition, the EU Air Safety List has become a major preventive tool, as it motivates countries with safety problems to act upon them before a ban under the EU Air Safety List would become necessary.

Following today's update, a total of **178 airlines** are banned from EU skies:

- 172 airlines certified in 16 states[2], due to a lack of safety oversight by the aviation authorities from these states.
- Six individual airlines, based on safety concerns with regard to these airlines themselves: Avior Airlines (Venezuela), Iran Aseman Airlines (Iran), Iraqi Airways (Iraq), Blue Wing Airlines (Suriname), Med-View Airlines (Nigeria) and Air Zimbabwe (Zimbabwe).

An additional six airlines are subject to operational restrictions and can only fly to the EU with specific aircraft types: Afrijet and Nouvelle Air Affaires SN2AG (Gabon), Air Koryo (Democratic People's Republic of Korea), Air Service Comores (the Comoros), Iran Air (Iran) and TAAG Angola Airlines (Angola).

Background information

Today's update of the Air Safety List is based on the unanimous opinion of the aviation safety experts from the Member States who met from 13 to 15 November within the EU Air Safety Committee (ASC). This Committee is chaired by the European Commission with the support of the [European Aviation Safety Agency](#) (EASA). The update equally got the support from the European Parliament's Transport Committee. Assessment is made against international safety standards, and notably the standards promulgated by the [International Civil Aviation Organisation](#) (ICAO).

The Commission is constantly looking at ways to improve air safety. One such way is to work with aviation authorities worldwide to raise global safety standards. With this in mind, EASA is therefore implementing technical cooperation projects with partner countries and regions. An example is the ["Improving air transport in Central Africa" \(ATA-AC\) project](#), where EASA works with a number of African states on several aspects of aviation safety. More information on technical cooperation projects is available [here](#).